

New Jersey's Clean Energy Program Lunchtime Series on the Environment

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AGENDA

- Definitions used in renewable energy generation
- Why we do what we do
- New Jersey's Solution
- Energy Hierarchy
- Municipal Energy Audit program
- Renewable Energy Technologies
- New Jersey's Renewable Energy Program
- Finance Options
- Recap







- Renewable energy = effective use of natural resources such as <u>sunlight</u>, <u>wind</u>, <u>rain</u>, <u>tides</u> and <u>geothermal heat</u>, which are naturally replenished.
- Watt = The unit of power
- A kilowatt-hour = the amount of energy equivalent to a power of 1 kilowatt running for 1 hour







- 1000 kWh = 1 Megawatt-hour (MWh)
- Renewable Energy Certificates (REC) = tradable certificates that represent all the clean energy benefits of electricity generated from a renewable electric system
- 1 MWh = 1 REC







Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) =

- Requires energy retailers to purchase a portion of their energy supply from renewable energy sources
- Retailers prove they have met their requirement by purchasing and retiring RECs from renewable energy generator or developing their own projects







Net-Metering and Interconnection Standards Interconnection

- State regulations that permit small generators (< 2MWs) to be installed behind the meter.
- These generators cannot be sized to produce more than current site consumption.
- Mandates that utilities connect them to the grid.

Net-Metering

- State regulations that allow interconnected generators to offset their electric consumption with an on-site resource.
- Allows production of electricity beyond site consumption to be credited at the full retail rate to be used when needed.





Why we do what we do



The Next 50 Years



- The 100 year storm happens every 4 years
- 80 days per year > 90F; 25 > 100
- 20-30% more winter precipitation, no snow
- 4x as many bad air days
- Loss of pine forests and crops



New Jersey's Solution



Renewable Resources

- Wind:
 - Shore, highlands
 - Sustained winds of 12 mph
- Solar:
 - Output ~1200 kWh AC
- Biomass
 - 25% composed of organic & urban residues (food wastes)

Government Activism

- "20/20" RPS plan
- 20% GHG legislation
- Energy Master Plan
- BPU commitment
- RGGI



New Jersey Profile

Today

- 55 MW PV solar
 - 3350 installs
- 3 MW Biomass
- 2.6 MW Wind

Tomorrow

- 1,500 MW Solar
- 1,000 MW OffshoreWind
- 200 MW Onshore Wind
- 900 MW Biomass





New Jersey's Solution



New Jersey's Clean Energy Goals

20% by 2020

20% reduction in Greenhouse Gas Emissions by 2020 and 80% below 2006 levels by 2050

20% reduction in energy use by 2020 20% use of renewable energy by 2020 2.12 percent solar photovoltaic by 2020

The combination of energy efficiency, conservation, and renewable energy resources should allow New Jersey to meet future increase in demand without increasing its reliance on non-renewable resources.

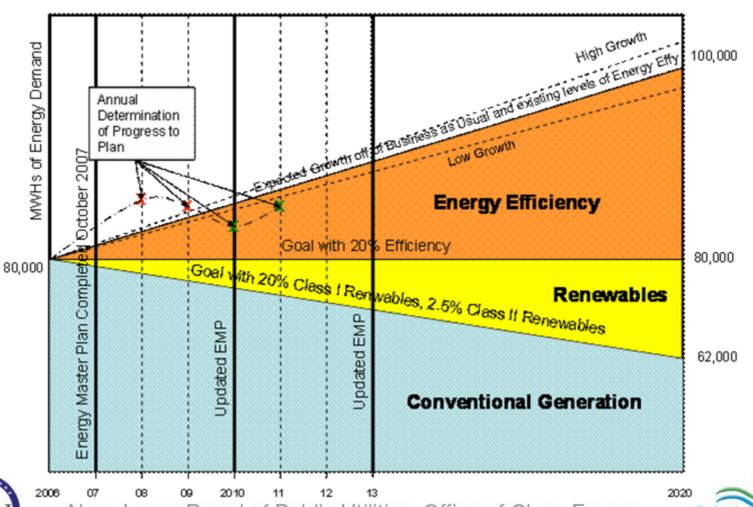




New Jersey's Solution



NJBPU EMP Planning Approach

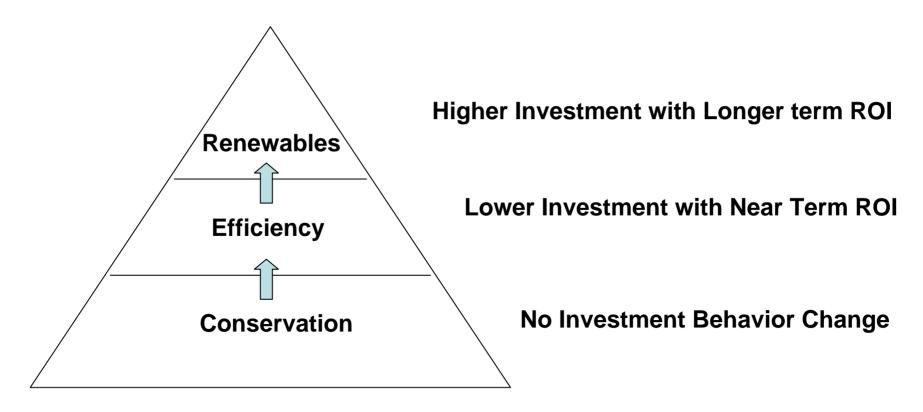






Customer Energy Management Hierarchy









Municipal Audits: Local/State Governments



- Local Gov Standard term contract list
- Provide 75% of the audit cost
- Implement cost effective measures within a set timeframe
- Receive balance of 25% of audit cost upon completion
- To be launched in late 2008





Renewable Energy Technologies



- Solar Power Well established business infrastructure and thriving market in New Jersey
- Wind power is the conversion of wind energy into useful form of electricity, using wind turbines. Increasing in popularity, but many hurdles and myths need to be overcome.
- Biopower utilizes biogas that can easily be produced from current waste streams such as Landfill Gas, WWTF, BioCrops, etc...
- Fuel Cells are the newest RE technology

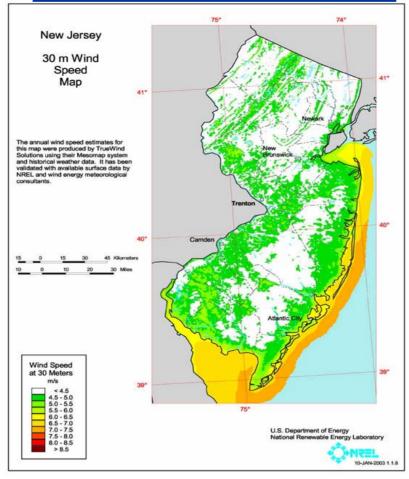




Renewable Energy Technologies



New Jersey Wind Resources







New Jersey's Clean Energy Programs



2008 Customer On-Site Renewable Energy (CORE) Program

The CORE program supports a variety of technologies such as photovoltaic (solar electricity), small wind, sustainable biomass equipment and fuel cells.

- On-site behind the meter.
- Net metered to 2 MW.
- Solar rebates are sold out for 2008.
- Rebates for wind and biomass systems are still available (~\$2M left)
- Solar Renewable Energy Credits (SRECs) capped value has been raised to (\$711/SREC)
- Wind incentives are production based.
- Biomass Incentives are capacity based.





New Jersey's Clean Energy Programs



2009 Renewable Energy Program

The Renewable Energy Program will continue to support solar electricity, small wind, sustainable biomass equipment, and fuel cells.

- On-site behind the meter still capped at 2 MW, but these rules are being reviewed
- Community Energy (one large system for multiple building) rules are being developed
- Rebates for small solar systems (probably < 50kW)
- Financial incentives for wind and biomass projects will stay the same.
- The SREC program (non-rebated projects) will continue to be promoted
- SREC securitization and Utility Company solar loan programs are being developed

CORE program information is available on the web at: www.njcleanenergy.com.





Financing Options

- Self-Funding
- Equipment Lease
- Power Purchase Agreement







RECAP

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If you have any questions about renewable energy, New Jersey's Clean Energy Programs, or would like a copy of this presentation please feel free to contact:

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